# **Lancaster County Convention Center Authority**

Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 with Independent Auditor's Report



### YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Lancaster County Convention Center Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Lancaster County Convention Center Authority (Authority), a component unit of the County of Lancaster, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Board of Directors Lancaster County Convention Center Authority Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 2

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 28 and 29 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Maher Duessel

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania March 31, 2016

### **BALANCE SHEETS**

DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,807,854	\$ 1,658,438
Receivables:		
Taxes	834,860	782,762
Other	54,425	40,139
Due from Interstate Hotels & Resorts	18,068	40,978
Inventory	5,938	8,838
Other prepaid expenses	60,043	52,949
Total current assets	2,781,188	2,584,104
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments	8,166,509	6,091,031
Total restricted assets	8,166,509	6,091,031
Capital assets:		
Land	1,579,621	1,579,621
Building	75,113,954	75,078,380
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment:		
Convention Center	4,118,490	4,051,093
Penn Square Condominium Association	441,931	404,324
Office	36,865	36,865
	81,290,861	81,150,283
Less: accumulated depreciation	15,926,158	13,525,721
Net capital assets	65,364,703	67,624,562
Total Assets	\$ 76,312,400	\$ 76,299,697
		(Continued)

Liabilities and Net Position	2015			2014
Liabilities and Net Position	<del></del>			
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				1-106
Accounts payable	\$	36,482	\$	15,106
Accrued payroll and payroll expense		7,667		6,804
Other accrued expenses		238,015		256,858
Current portion of bonds payable		410,000		370,000
Unearned revenue		120,035		65,590
Contingency fee payable		50,000		50,000
Total current liabilities		862,199		764,358
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):				
Accrued interest payable		236,567		234,566
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)		236,567		234,566
Long-term liabilities:				
Reimbursement for contingency payable		600,000		650,000
Bonds payable	$\epsilon$	51,815,000	6	2,225,000
Interest rate swap liability		4,095,988		2,584,554
Swap borrowing, net of accumulated amortization of				
\$2,811,914 and \$2,150,287	1	8,991,109	1	9,652,736
Total long-term liabilities	8	35,502,097	8	35,112,290
Total Liabilities	8	86,600,863	8	86,111,214
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		6,930,766		8,771,592
Restricted		3,725,446		1,649,001
Unrestricted	(2	20,944,675)	(2	20,232,110)
Total Net Position	(1	0,288,463)		(9,811,517)
Total Liabilities and Net Position	_\$ 7	76,312,400	\$ 7	76,299,697
			(C	oncluded)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	 2015		2014
Operating Revenues:  Conference services Concession Other	\$ 1,853,536 181,990 11,919	\$	1,674,888 210,751 17,995
Total operating revenues	 2,047,445		1,903,634
Operating Expenses:			
Departmental expenses Undistributed operating expenses Management fees Collaboration Agreement - Marketing Consortium Fixed charges Administrative expenses Depreciation Capital/development costs	780,914 1,744,006 182,510 156,186 87,301 463,240 2,400,437 6,797		755,715 1,630,035 181,238 3,004 84,575 380,283 2,404,745 29,020
Total operating expenses	5,821,391		5,468,615
Operating Loss	(3,773,946)		(3,564,981)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Hotel room rental tax income Investment income Collaboration agreement:	5,825,503 5,106		5,563,285 129,894
Marketing Consortium funding FF&E funding Other income Loss on sale of asset Interest expense, net of amortization of swap borrowing of \$661,627 and \$661,627 Change in fair value of interest rate swap	 100,000 1,000,000 6,210 - (2,128,385) (1,511,434)		50,000 4,336 (963) (2,665,511) (10,299,008)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 3,297,000	_	(7,217,967)
Change in Net Position before Special Item	(476,946)		(10,782,948)
Special Item:			
Gain on investment contract termination	 		818,000
Change in Net Position	(476,946)		(9,964,948)
Net Position:			
Beginning of period	 (9,811,517)		153,431
End of period	\$ (10,288,463)	\$	(9,811,517)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:  Operating receipts	\$ 2,037,604	\$ 1,917,174
Payments to suppliers for operating expenses	(3,174,081)	(2,845,390)
Payments to suppliers for project development costs	(6,797)	(29,020)
Payments to employees	(217,964)	(197,124)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,361,238)	(1,154,360)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Marketing Consortium contribution	100,000	50,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(140,578)	(3,570)
Payments of developer's fee	-	(34,800)
Principal payments on note payable	-	(400,000)
Principal payments on bonds payable	(370,000)	(63,590,000)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	62,595,000
Receipts from hotel room revenue tax	5,773,405	5,493,841
Collaboration Agreement - FF&E funding	1,000,000	-
Other receipts	6,210	4,336
Interest expense paid	(2,788,011)	(3,385,503)
Restricted for capital replacement	(1,074,377)	(618,758)
Net cash provided by capital and		
related financing activities	2,406,649	60,546
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Proceeds from the sale of investments	10,549,168	85,232,471
Purchase of investments	(11,550,269)	(85,046,433)
Proceeds from termination of investment contract	-	818,000
Interest income received	5,106	129,894
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(995,995)	1,133,932
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	149,416	90,118
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Beginning of period	1,658,438	1,568,320
End of period	\$ 1,807,854	\$ 1,658,438
		(Continued)

### STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014 (Continued)

	2015	2014
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (3,773,946)	\$ (3,564,981)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,400,437	2,404,745
(Increase) decrease in:		
Other receivables	(14,286)	25,330
Due from Interstate Hotels & Resorts	22,910	(26,108)
Inventory	2,900	(2,960)
Other prepaid expenses	(7,094)	(16,274)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	21,376	(5,751)
Accrued payroll and payroll expenses	863	982
Contingency payable	(50,000)	(5,245)
Other accrued expenses	(18,843)	42,447
Unearned revenue	54,445	(6,545)
Total adjustments	2,412,708	2,410,621
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,361,238)	\$ (1,154,360)
		(Concluded)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Reporting Entity

The Lancaster County Convention Center Authority (Authority), a component unit of the County of Lancaster (County), was formed on September 15, 1999, under the Municipal Authority Act of 1945 and the Third Class County Convention Center Authority Act. The purpose of the Authority is to provide financing and arrange for the development, construction, and operation of convention center facilities for the public purpose of promoting, attracting, stimulating, developing, and expanding business, industry, commerce, and tourism in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Authority and any component units. Component units are separate legal entities that (1) governing officials of a primary government are financially accountable for or (2) the nature and significance of the relationship between the entity and a primary government are such that to exclude the separate legal entity from the financial reporting entity would render the financial statements misleading or incomplete.

The Authority is part of the County's reporting entity based on the above criteria. These are the separate component unit financial statements of the Authority. No other entities are required to be included based on the above criteria.

A business plan was developed, which allowed the construction of the Lancaster County Convention Center and the Lancaster Marriott at Penn Square. The plan was the result of a complex and cooperative effort among government and community leaders and public and private partners. Throughout 2007 – 2009, the Authority incurred construction costs associated with the project.

The Lancaster County Convention Center and the Lancaster Marriott at Penn Square opened for operations on June 19, 2009.

The Lancaster County Convention Center began operations on June 19, 2009 under the Qualified Convention Center Management Agreement, dated January 23, 2002, between the Authority and Interstate Hotels & Resorts (IHR). The Qualified Convention Center Management Agreement is for the period commencing with the opening of the convention center and expiring on June 19, 2019.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

Penn Square Partners (PSP) and the Authority agreed to a letter of intent in March 2015, in which the Authority agreed to permit the new Marriot Tower to be included into the Penn Square Condominium Association should the PSP project come to fruition.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The Authority's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting, under which revenues are recorded in the period that they are earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The Authority measures and reports all assets, liabilities, revenues, expense, gains, and losses using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Net position (i.e., total assets net of total liabilities) is segregated into "Net Investment in Capital Assets"; "Restricted" for various purposes; and "Unrestricted" components.

The Authority is a member of the Penn Square Condominium Association, which is comprised of two ownership groups. The other ownership group is PSP, a private entity. Each ownership group has their own business operation with revenues and expenses, as described in their development agreements. Where tracking actual expenses would become too costly, approved allocation methodologies have been incorporated. These allocations are described in the IHR Operational Expense Guidelines (Guidelines). The Guidelines only interpret the governing documents and do not rewrite them.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Investments

The Authority accounts for investments at fair value. The fair value of the Authority's investments is based upon values provided by external investment managers and quoted market prices.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, Collaboration Agreement funds, and Marketing Consortium funds are classified as restricted

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

assets on the balance sheet, because their use is limited by applicable trust indentures or other agreements.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets are carried at cost, if purchased or constructed. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Building, furniture, fixtures, and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The useful lives for purposes of computing depreciation are as follows:

Buildings 40 years Furniture, fixtures, and equipment 5-10 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. A portion of the interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

### **Net Position**

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operating and non-operating revenues and expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three components: Net investment in capital assets; restricted for various purposes; and unrestricted net position.

The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at the end of the reporting period, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent amount is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Instead, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component (restricted or unrestricted) as the unspent amount.

The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets and liabilities that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

### Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Revenues and expenses from operations include departmental operating revenues, departmental expenses, undistributed operating expenses, management fees, Collaboration Agreement — Marketing Consortium, fixed charges, administration expense, and depreciation. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are conference services revenue and concession revenue. The principal operating expenses include energy, repairs and maintenance, conference service, administration and general, and sales and marketing expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, if available, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with the current year presentation.

### Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

In February of 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The provisions

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

of GASB Statement No. 72 are effective for the Authority's December 31, 2016 financial statements.

In June of 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments." This Statement identifies the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 76 are effective for the Authority's December 31, 2016 financial statements.

The effect of implementation of these Statements has not yet been determined.

### 2. HOTEL ROOM RENTAL TAX

The County receives a 3.9% hotel room rental tax and a 1.1% excise tax from the operators of each hotel within the County. Of the total 3.9% tax, 20% was originally allocated to Discover Lancaster (formerly known as the Pennsylvania Dutch Convention and Visitors Bureau (PDCVB)) to be used to promote tourism in the County, and 80% was received by the Authority to be used for construction and operation of the convention center facility. If the Authority encountered an event of default on the Hotel Room Rental Tax Revenue Bonds, Series of 2003 or the Hotel Room Rental Tax Revenue Bonds, Series of 2007 (collectively, the Bonds), the 20% allocated to Discover Lancaster would be diverted to the trustee of the Authority's Bonds. Revenue was recognized in the period to which the County attributed collection.

As discussed in Note 13, during the year ended December 31, 2014, the Authority failed to meet certain financial covenants of the Bonds. As a result, the 20% of hotel room rental tax allocated to Discover Lancaster was diverted to the trustee of the Authority's Bonds and recognized as additional revenue for the months of January 2014 through June 2014.

As discussed in Note 13, Discover Lancaster, the County, the City of Lancaster (City), the Redevelopment Authority of Lancaster (RACL), the Lancaster City Revitalization and Improvement Zone Authority (Lancaster CRIZ Authority), and the Authority entered into a Collaboration Agreement. Under the Collaboration Agreement, Discover Lancaster agreed to direct 100% of the hotel room rental tax revenue to the Authority for the period July 2014 through June 2019. As of December 31, 2016 and each December 31 thereafter, if the Authority's funds on deposit with the trustee under the terms of the indenture exceed \$5,750,000 after all obligations have been paid, the Authority shall remit the lesser of any funds in excess of \$5,750,000 or 20% of the year's hotel room rental tax revenue by January 15 of the following year to Discover Lancaster. Beginning in July 2019, the terms of the

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

Lancaster County Ordinance No. 45 shall again govern the distribution of the hotel room rental tax revenue.

### 3. LEASE AGREEMENT - LANCASTERHISTORY.ORG

In December 2010, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with LancasterHistory.Org (LHO) for the lease of the Thaddeus Stevens House, Kleiss Saloon, Underground Historic Area, and other areas immediately outside the Stevens House, the Kleiss Saloon, and associated with the Underground Historic Area. LHO intends to develop a national historic exhibition on a portion of these properties. The remaining portion of the properties will be renovated and utilized by LHO. The lease commenced on December 21, 2010, for a period of twenty years. LHO is responsible for insurance and real property taxes. The basic rent for the leased properties is one dollar. Until LHO commences construction of the improvements, LHO shall pay monthly the sum of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for common area charges. After construction begins, these fees will be adjusted every three years based on actual charges.

#### 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Pennsylvania statutes provide for investment of governmental funds into certain authorized investment types including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, insured or collateralized time deposits, and certificates of deposits. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for investment purposes.

### Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2015, the book balance of the Authority was \$7,942,303 and the bank balance was \$8,074,121. At December 31, 2015, the book balance included \$6,134,449 and the bank balance included \$6,160,952 of cash held with a trustee or others that is presented as restricted cash and investments on the balance sheet. As of December 31, 2014, the book balance of the Authority was \$6,715,221 and the bank balance was \$6,494,989. At December 31, 2014, the book balance included \$5,056,783 and the bank balance included \$5,059,787 of cash held with a trustee or others that is presented as restricted cash and investments on the balance sheet. Of the bank balances, \$750,000 and \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the remainder of the bank balance was

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

collateralized under Act No. 72 (Act) of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly, in which financial institutions were granted the authority to secure deposits of public bodies by pledging a pool of assets, as defined in the Act, to cover all public funds deposited in excess of federal depository insurance limits.

#### **Investments**

Restricted investments of the Authority at December 31 were as follows:

	 2015	 2014
Money market funds	\$ 2,032,060	\$ 1,034,248

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment transaction will fail and the Authority will not recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. All of the Authority's investments are held by the trustee in the Authority's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, there were no investments held by the Authority that exceeded five percent of the Authority's portfolio.

Credit Risk – The Authority has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Authority's investment in money market funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk — The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, all of the Authority's investments had an average maturity of less than one year.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ending December 31 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance 1/1/2015	Additions	Disposals	Balance 12/31/2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,579,621		\$ -	\$ 1,579,621
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	1,579,621		-	1,579,621
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	75,078,380	35,574	-	75,113,954
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment:				
Convention Center	4,051,093	67,397	-	4,118,490
Penn Square Condominium				
Association	404,324	37,607	-	441,931
Office	36,865	_		36,865
Total capital assets, being depreciated	79,570,662	140,578		79,711,240
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	10,947,244	1,963,965	-	12,911,209
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2,578,477	436,472		3,014,949
Total accumulated depreciation	13,525,721	2,400,437		15,926,158
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	66,044,941	(2,259,859)		63,785,082
Total capital assets, net	\$ 67,624,562	\$ (2,259,859)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 65,364,703

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	Beginning Balance 1/1/2014	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance 12/31/2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 1,579,621	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,579,621
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,579,621			1,579,621
Capital assets being depreciated: Building	75,078,380	-		75,078,380
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment:  Convention Center  Penn Square Condominium	4,051,093			4,051,093
Association	404,324	-		404,324
Office	37,411	3,570	(4,116)	36,865
Total capital assets, being depreciated	79,571,208	3,570	(4,116)	79,570,662
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	8,983,351	1,963,893	-	10,947,244
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	2,140,778	440,852	(3,153)	2,578,477
Total accumulated depreciation	11,124,129	2,404,745	(3,153)	13,525,721
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	68,447,079	(2,401,175)	(963)	66,044,941
Total capital assets, net	\$ 70,026,700	\$ (2,401,175)	\$ (963)	\$ 67,624,562

### 6. CONTINGENCY FEE PAYABLE

Per the second amendment to the Joint Development Agreement among the Authority, the RACL, and PSP, the Authority is to pay \$700,000 to PSP to reimburse the RACL/PSP contingency provided under the agreement. RACL/PSP agrees to use the funds received to either complete the Project or to be deposited into the Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment (FF&E) Reserve Fund for the hotel. The Authority is to make annual payments of \$50,000 beginning March 15, 2015. The Authority paid PSP \$50,000 during the year ended December 31, 2015.

### 7. BONDS PAYABLE

During the year ending March 31, 2007, the Authority remarketed the Hotel Room Rental Tax Revenue Bonds, Series of 2003 (\$40,000,000) (Series of 2003 Bonds), and issued the Hotel Room Rental Tax Revenue Bonds, Series of 2007 (\$23,920,000) (Series of 2007 Bonds), (collectively, the Bonds) for the purpose of paying, together with other available funds, the costs of (i) funding the design, acquisition, construction, furnishing, and equipping of that certain Lancaster County Convention Center, as defined in the Indenture; (ii) funding

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

necessary reserves for the project and the Bonds; (iii) the establishment of necessary reserves and other funds under the Indenture; (iv) payment of the costs and expenses of issuance of the Bonds; and (v) refunding certain outstanding indebtedness of the Issuer. The Bonds were secured by a pledge of all current and future revenue derived by the Authority from its share of hotel room rental tax and all monies and investments held by Trustee Bank under the Indenture and are initially secured by an irrevocable, direct pay letter of credit issued by Wachovia Bank, National Association.

The Bonds initially bore interest at a Weekly Rate. During the Weekly Mode, interest on the Bonds was to be paid on the first business day of each calendar month, commencing on May 1, 2007. The Weekly Rate for the Bonds was computed by Wachovia Bank, National Association for each Weekly Rate Period. The Weekly Rate was not to exceed 12% per annum. At times specified in the Indenture, the Issuer had the ability to cause the Bonds to be converted to a Term Mode. The Bonds, if converted, were subject to mandatory purchase on the date of such conversion. The floating interest rate under the Weekly Mode was sixty-seven percent (67%) of USD-LIBOR-BBA on the agreed-upon payment dates.

The County had guaranteed to replenish the lesser of \$1,509,960 or fifty percent (50%) of the required reserve amount for the Series of 2003 Bonds in any fiscal year (\$2,610,270).

On October 3, 2011, the Bonds were restructured and the Authority entered into a continuing covenant agreement (Agreement) with Wells Fargo Bank (Bank). Under the Agreement, the Bank paid the purchase price of \$63,590,000 to M&T Bank (Trustee) for the Bonds. The Bonds were to be held by the Bank until the mandatory purchase date of March 1, 2013, at which time the Bonds were subject to mandatory tender for purchase at an amount equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Bonds, plus accrued interest. On this date, the Authority was to cause the Bonds to be remarketed to the Bank or to new investors at any of the interest rate options provided in the Agreement.

The Bank extended the mandatory purchase date related to the Bonds to August 1, 2014. All other provisions of the Agreement remained in effect through the mandatory purchase date.

Under the Agreement, the interest rate was converted from the Weekly Rate to the Index Interest Rate. The Bonds were to bear interest at a per annum rate of interest equal to the sum of (i) the Index, defined as 67% of LIBOR, and (ii) the Applicable Spread, commencing October 3, 2011. The Applicable Spread effective from October 3, 2011 through February 28, 2012 was defined as 95 basis points on the Series of 2003 Bonds and 125 basis points on the Series of 2007 Bonds. Effective March 1, 2012, the Applicable Spread increased to 175 basis points on the Series of 2003 Bonds and 190 basis points on the Series of 2007 Bonds. The Applicable Spread could be reduced if the Authority was able to accomplish certain

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

milestones as set forth in the Agreement. At the option of the Authority, the Bonds could have been optionally redeemed or converted to another interest rate mode to be effective on the interest payment date prior to the mandatory purchase date upon 60 days written notice to the Bank.

On August 1, 2014, the Bonds were refunded through the issuance of the Hotel Room Rental Tax Revenue Bonds, Series of 2014 (2014 Bonds) in the amount of \$62,595,000. At the date of refunding, the interest rate on the Series of 2003, Series of 2007, and 2014 Bonds was 1.855%, 2.005%, and .859%, respectively. The fee received from the termination of the guaranteed investment contracts, including accrued interest, along with funds realized from a reduction in the debt service reserve fund requirements associated with the 2014 Bonds totaling \$995,000, was used to pay a portion of the principal due on the Bonds. In addition, the debt service reserve requirement for the 2014 Bonds was reduced from \$4.1 million to \$3.9 million. The 2014 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender on July 31, 2019.

The 2014 Bonds initially bear interest, through the mandatory tender date, at a rate equal to the sum of the index rate, SIFMA or 70% of LIBOR, plus the Applicable Spread, initially 75 basis points, fixed for five years. The 2014 Bonds will bear interest at the index rate during the index rate period provided no event of default has occurred. At the option of the Authority, the 2014 Bonds may be optionally redeemed or converted to another interest rate mode to be effective on any LIBOR reset date prior to the mandatory tender date upon 60 days written notice to the Bank and compliance with the applicable provisions of the related documents. The 2014 Bonds debt service payments are guaranteed by the County.

The amount of outstanding 2014 Bonds at December 31, 2015 and 2014 is \$62,225,000 and \$62,595,000, respectively.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended was as follows:

	Beginning of					End of	Current
December 31, 2015	Year	Additions		Re	etirements	Year	 Portion
Bonds payable: Series of 2014	\$ 62,595,000	\$	_	\$	(370,000)	\$ 62,225,000	\$ 410,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

December 31, 2014	Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	End of Year	Current Portion
Bonds payable:					
Series of 2003	\$ 39,670,000	\$ -	\$ (39,670,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Series of 2007	23,920,000	-	(23,920,000)	-	-
Series of 2014		62,595,000		62,595,000	370,000
Long-term liabilities	\$ 63,590,000	\$ 62,595,000	\$ (63,590,000)	\$ 62,595,000	\$ 370,000

The debt service requirements, through the mandatory tender date at the rate in effect as of December 31, 2015, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 410,000	\$ 622,456	\$ 1,032,456
2017	460,000	618,310	1,078,310
2018	510,000	613,665	1,123,665
2019	60,845,000	558,237	61,403,237_
	\$ 62,225,000	\$ 2,412,668	\$ 64,637,668

Interest expense consisted of the following for the years ended December 31:

	 2015	 2014
Note payable	\$ -	\$ 12,989
Bond refunding closing costs	-	129,117
Interest - variable rate (net)	562,588	942,276
Interest rate - fixed rate	2,227,424	2,242,756
Amortization of swap borrowing	(661,627)	 (661,627)
	\$ 2,128,385	\$ 2,665,511

As further described in Note 9, the Authority entered into a pay fixed, receive variable interest rate swap on the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2003 Bonds and Series of 2007 Bonds to 3.67% and 3.57%, respectively, at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

### 8. NOTE PAYABLE

In October 2011, in conjunction with the restructuring of the Bonds, the Authority entered into a term note agreement with Wells Fargo Bank in the amount of \$750,000 for the purpose of paying for the costs associated with the restructuring of the Bonds, as discussed in Note 7. The note was secured by a pledge of all current and future revenue derived by the Authority from its share of hotel room rental tax. Interest was payable monthly at a fixed rate of 3.5%, commencing November 1, 2011 through the maturity date of December 1, 2014.

Note payable activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

Beginning of	of			End of	Curre	nt
Year	Additions	Reti	rements	Year	Portio	on
\$ 400,00	0 \$ -	\$ (	400,000) \$	7	\$	

### 9. DERIVATIVES – INTEREST RATE SWAP

Objective - As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds at the time of issuance in March 2007, the Authority entered into an interest-rate swap (Swap) in connection with the Bonds. The intention of the Swap was effectively to change the Authority's variable interest rate on the Bonds to a synthetic fixed rate of 3.65%. Pursuant to an amended and restated confirmation between the Authority and the Counterparty, Wells Fargo Bank, dated September 28, 2011, the amortization, maturity dates, and fixed payment rates on the Swap related to the Bonds were amended. Effective October 3, 2011, in conjunction with the Agreement disclosed in Note 7, the fixed payment on the Swap related to the Series of 2003 Bonds was 3.67% and the fixed payment on the Swap related to the Series of 2007 Bonds was 3.57%.

Terms - The Swap agreements mature on December 1, 2042 (Series of 2003 Bonds) and December 1, 2047 (Series of 2007 Bonds), and the Swap's notional amount of \$40,000,000 and \$23,920,000, respectively, was 100% of the total issue amount of the underlying bonds. The notional amount of the Swap agreement decreases as the outstanding principal amount of the corresponding Series of 2003 Bonds and Series of 2007 Bonds were scheduled to decrease through maturing principal. The Swap agreements were entered into in March 2007. Prior to October 3, 2011, under the Swap agreements, the Authority paid the counterparty a fixed payment of 3.65% and received a variable payment computed as 67% of the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Conversely, the Bonds' variable-rate was based on the Weekly Rate determined by the remarketing agent. Effective October 3, 2011, the

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

Authority pays the counterparty a fixed payment of 3.67% related to the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2003 Bonds and 3.57% related to the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2007 Bonds.

Pursuant to the Swap agreements, the Authority pays or receives to/from the counterparty a monthly net swap payment. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority paid \$1,404,074 and \$823,350 fixed and received \$95,185 and \$57,439 variable with respect to the Swap on the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2003 Bonds and the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2007 Bonds, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Authority paid \$1,414,045 and \$828,711 fixed and received \$43,457 and \$26,203 variable with respect to the Swap on the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2003 Bonds and the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2007 Bonds, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair values of the Authority's financial statements. The Swap is highly sensitive to changes in interest rates; changes in the variable rate will have a material effect on the Swap's fair value.

Fair Value Risk - Fair value takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of a given transaction, and any upfront payments that may have been received. The fair value is based upon mid-market quotations for the transactions. Mid-market quotations are based on bid/ask quotations shown on reliable electronic information screens as of close of business on the date specified. Such amount represents the present value difference between the floating rate receipt and fixed rate payment as of December 31, 2015 and the termination value fluctuates as the interest rates fluctuate.

Because the 2011 amendment and restatement changed the critical terms of the Swap agreements, the original Swap was effectively terminated upon amendment. At the date of amendment, the swap liability was reclassified to a swap borrowing on the balance sheet. Governmental accounting standards require that the swap borrowing be amortized to offset interest expense, straight-line, over the life of the bonds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

The change in fair value for the interest rate swaps is as follows:

Notional Amount	January 1, 2015 - Fair Value	Amortization of Swap Borrowing	Change in Fair Value	December 31, 2015 - Fair Value
\$ 39,670,000 23,920,000	\$ (12,288,751) (9,948,539)	\$ 403,105 258,522	\$ (668,533) (842,901)	\$ (12,554,179) (10,532,918)
Total	\$ (22,237,290)	\$ 661,627	\$ (1,511,434)	\$ (23,087,097)
Notional	January 1, 2014 - Fair	Amortization of Swap	Change in	December 31, 2014 - Fair
Amount	Value	Borrowing	Fair Value	Value
\$ 39,670,000 23,920,000	\$ (7,509,277) (5,090,632)	\$ 403,105 258,522	\$ (5,182,579) (5,116,429)	\$ (12,288,751) (9,948,539)
Total	\$ (12,599,909)	\$ 661,627	\$ (10,299,008)	\$ (22,237,290)

Accounting and Risk Disclosures - As previously noted, the effect of the termination of the original Swap resulted in a swap borrowing. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, current period changes in fair value for the Swap are accounted for as an investment and are recorded on the statements of revenues, expenses, and change in net position as change in fair value of interest rate swap. The fair value of the outstanding Swap as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 is reported on the statements of net position as a combination of interest rate swap liability and swap borrowing.

Credit Risk - As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Authority's Swap agreements were not exposed to credit risk, because they had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the Swap become positive, the Authority would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap agreement's fair value. At December 31, 2015, the Bank was rated Aa2 by Moody's, AA- by Standard & Poor's, and AA by Fitch. At December 31, 2014, the Bank was rated Aa3 by Moody's, AA- by Standard & Poor's, and AA- by Fitch.

Swap Payments and Associated Debt – Using rates as of December 31, 2015, net Swap payments on the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2003 Bonds and the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2007 Bonds, assuming current interest rates and floating rates under the Swap agreement remain the same for their term, were as follows. As these rates vary, net Swap payments on the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2003 Bonds and the applicable notional amounts of the Series of 2007 Bonds will vary:

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	Se	Series of 2003, Hotel Room Rental					
Fiscal Year		Tax Revenue Bonds					
Ending		Notional	Swa	p Agreement			
December 31,		Amount	_Pa	yments, Net			
2016	\$	410,000	\$	1,346,768			
2017		460,000		1,332,562			
2018		510,000		1,316,642			
2019		570,000		1,298,979			
2020		630,000		1,279,256			
2021 - 2025		4,155,000		6,025,213			
2026 - 2030		6,245,000		5,171,031			
2031 - 2035		8,990,000		3,914,198			
2036 - 2040		12,515,000		2,129,681			
2041 - 2042		4,815,000		237,131			
	\$	39,300,000	\$	24,051,461			

#### Series of 2007, Hotel Room Rental Fiscal Year Tax Revenue Bonds Notional Swap Agreement **Ending** Amount Payments, Net December 31, \$ \$ 2016 796,505 796,505 2017 2018 796,505 796,505 2019 796,505 2020 3,982,525 2021 - 2025 3,982,525 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2035 3,982,525 3,982,525 2036 - 2040 14,185,000 3,218,252 2041 - 2045 499,443 2046 - 2047 9,735,000 23,920,000 23,630,320

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

Subsequent Event – As of February 29, 2016, the fair value of the Authority's interest rate swap was (\$28,419,819).

### 10. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted assets represent funds derived from the proceeds of the bonds and other agreements. The funds are restricted for payment of construction costs, debt service payments, settlement costs, and operating and administrative expenses. Restricted assets at December 31 are as follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and investments with trustee:		
Debt service reserve fund	\$ 3,938,933	\$ 3,935,645
Bond fund	500,000	500,000
Operating expense fund	1,082,061	84,248
Rate stabilization fund	450,000	450,000
Total cash and investments with trustee	5,970,994	4,969,893
Cash and investments held by Authority:		
HRRT depository	2,130	2,130
Construction fund	-	4,255
Capital replacement fund	901,643	900,757
Lancaster CRIZ Authority - FF&E reserve	953,932	-
Marketing Consortium funds	337,810	213,996
Total restricted assets	\$ 8,166,509	\$ 6,091,031

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

#### 11. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Net position is restricted at December 31 as follows:

	2015	2014
Rate stabilization fund	\$ 450,000	\$ 450,000
Operating expense fund	1,082,061	84,248
Capital replacement fund	901,643	900,757
Marketing Consortium funds	337,810	213,996
Lancaster CRIZ Authority - FF&E reserve	953,932	
Total restricted net position	\$ 3,725,446	\$ 1,649,001

### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority maintains insurance contracts to mitigate the risk of loss arising from the following events: torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of certain assets; wrongful acts by directors and officers; job-related illness or injuries to employees; acts of God; and losses resulting from providing medical benefits to employees and their dependents. Contracts are limited liability and limited to specific properties. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage insurance in any of the past three fiscal years.

### 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### **Continuing Covenant Agreement**

Under the continuing covenant agreement, the Authority is required to maintain certain minimum balances in the funds held at the Trustee Bank. Failure to meet this liquidity covenant for any quarterly period represents an event of default. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Authority failed to meet this liquidity covenant for the quarters ending March 31 and June 30, 2014. As a result of the event of default, the Bank directed the County to divert the 20% of hotel room rental tax allocated to Discover Lancaster to the Trustee Bank of the Authority's bonds. Per the Collaboration Agreement, Discover Lancaster agreed to deliver an irrevocable letter directing the Lancaster County Treasurer to direct 100% of the hotel room rental tax revenues to the Authority for the period of July 2014 through June 2019.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

#### Collaboration Agreement

As part of the 2014 bond refinancing, the Authority executed a Collaboration Agreement effective July 2014 with other stakeholders in the community.

The participants in the agreement are the County, City, RACL, Lancaster CRIZ Authority, and Discover Lancaster. The Authority achieved a number of objectives as part of the agreement. The primary objectives were refinancing the bonds under more favorable terms, which required a full County guarantee, achieving a reliable source of funds for targeted marketing activities to attract Priority 1 and Priority 2 events, achieving a reliable source of funding for FF&E replacement costs, replenishing the required reserve accounts, and establishing a more reliable flow of funds, especially in the first half of each year due to the seasonal nature of the collection of the hotel room rental tax.

As more fully described in Note 7, a significant cost reduction occurred in the cost associated with the bonds as a result of the refinancing.

The 2014 Bonds are currently scheduled for mandatory tender on July 31, 2019. The agreement with Discover Lancaster, which has allowed the Authority to replenish bond and operating reserves as well as expand marketing efforts as discussed below, is currently also set to expire in July 2019, as discussed in Note 2 pertaining to the hotel room rental tax. The City's participation in the Collaboration Agreement encouraged the participation of RACL and the Lancaster CRIZ Authority to make the commitments discussed in the Marketing Consortium (Consortium) and FF&E funding plans.

Part of the agreement called for the creation of a Consortium to perform the target marketing for Priority 1 and Priority 2 events, as defined in the Collaboration Agreement. The term of the Consortium under the agreement is through June 30, 2021.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

The funding for the Consortium will come from the following sources over the seven years in the agreement:

•	1	Authority 2014				
 Budget	B	ond Funds		RACL		Total
\$ 35,000	\$	132,000	\$	50,000	\$	217,000
35,000		145,000		100,000		280,000
35,000		194,000		100,000		329,000
35,000		243,000		100,000		378,000
35,000		292,000		100,000		427,000
35,000		308,000		100,000		443,000
35,000		326,000		100,000		461,000
<b>-</b> _				50,000		50,000
\$ 245,000	\$	1,640,000	\$	700,000	\$	2,585,000
**************************************	Administrative Budget  \$ 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000	Administrative Budget  \$ 35,000 \$  35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000 35,000	Administrative Budget         2014 Bond Funds           \$ 35,000         \$ 132,000           35,000         145,000           35,000         194,000           35,000         243,000           35,000         292,000           35,000         308,000           35,000         326,000	Administrative         2014           Budget         Bond Funds           \$ 35,000         \$ 132,000           \$ 35,000         145,000           35,000         194,000           35,000         243,000           35,000         292,000           35,000         308,000           35,000         326,000	Administrative         Budget         Bond Funds         RACL           \$ 35,000         \$ 132,000         \$ 50,000           35,000         145,000         100,000           35,000         194,000         100,000           35,000         243,000         100,000           35,000         292,000         100,000           35,000         308,000         100,000           35,000         326,000         100,000           50,000         50,000	Administrative         Budget         Bond Funds         RACL           \$ 35,000         \$ 132,000         \$ 50,000         \$ 35,000           35,000         145,000         100,000           35,000         194,000         100,000           35,000         243,000         100,000           35,000         292,000         100,000           35,000         308,000         100,000           35,000         326,000         100,000           50,000         50,000

In addition to the funds of the Consortium, the Authority continues to annually budget \$97.000 towards the marketing of priority 1 and priority 2 events.

Of the \$497,000 deposited in the Consortium accounts through December 31, 2015, \$159,190 had been expended, leaving a balance of \$337,810 of funds as of December 31, 2015, that is included in the restricted cash and investments of the Authority.

The funds received from RACL are recorded as non-operating revenue and the expenses are treated as operating expenses of the Authority. Additionally, the Collaboration Agreement required the Authority to set aside funding for capital reserves to replace FF&E. As part of the Collaboration Agreement, the Lancaster CRIZ Authority agreed to make annual payments to the Authority to provide for replacement of FF&E within the convention center.

The Lancaster CRIZ Authority contributed \$1,000,000 which was their 2014 and 2015 commitment under the Collaboration Agreement. The \$1,000,000 was recorded as non-operating revenue during the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Authority expended \$46,068 of the Lancaster CRIZ Authority funds during the year ended December 31, 2015, bringing the balance in the restricted account to \$953,932 as of December 31, 2015.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

The Lancaster CRIZ Authority paid their 2016 obligation of \$700,000 in January of 2016. The remaining unfunded obligations of the Lancaster CRIZ Authority are as follows:

2017	\$ 700,000
2018	800,000
2019	900,000
2020	900,000
Total	\$ 3,300,000

The Authority is also required under the agreement to make annual contributions to a capital replacement fund. This obligation can be offset by Lancaster CRIZ Authority contributions.

For 2012 through 2014, the Authority made contributions to the capital replacement fund from the bond funds of \$900,000. The balance in the restricted capital replacement fund is \$901,643 as of December 31, 2015.

The capital replacement fund is restricted to be used for FF&E. The 2015 obligation was satisfied by the Lancaster CRIZ Authority contribution and the 2016 obligation was satisfied by the Lancaster CRIZ Authority in January 2016. Although the intent was to match the Authority obligations with the Lancaster CRIZ Authority obligations, there is not an exact match.

The remaining capital replacement fund contribution requirements under the Collaboration Agreement are as follows:

Total	\$ 3,500,000
2020	900,000
2019	900,000
2018	900,000
2017	\$ 800,000

The Lancaster CRIZ Authority FF&E reserve fund and the capital replacement fund have separate restrictions regarding what capital items can be purchased with the reserves.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

### 14. NEGATIVE UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Authority's negative unrestricted net position, as shown on the statements of net position as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, is due to a GASB requirement for governmental entities to terminate hedge accounting when a termination event has occurred on a derivative instrument (interest rate swap). A termination event occurs when a significant change in a critical term of an interest rate swap is made.

On October 3, 2011, the Authority, as a part of its bond restructuring, modified terms to their existing interest rate swap agreement. These changes were deemed significant and, according to GASB standards, the interest rate swap agreement was terminated and a new interest rate swap agreement was put in place. The mark-to-market value at the time of termination was \$21,803,023, which was included in the statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position as a special item during the year ended December 31, 2011, and is presented on the statements of net position as a swap borrowing, net of accumulated amortization. The \$21,803,023 liability is being amortized over the original life of the 2003/2007 bonds and will reduce interest expense for financial reporting purposes in future years. Additionally, the new interest rate swap agreement has been deemed to be ineffective and any changes in the mark-to-market value will flow through non-operating revenue/expense.

Since the 2008 national financial crises, the Authority has had a significant interest rate swap liability and understood that liability would be realized if, or when, the Authority refinanced its bonds or the hedge became ineffective. The October 2011 restructuring caused the Authority to account for the termination of hedge accounting as a liability on the balance sheet and recognize the swap loss during the year ended December 31, 2011 on the statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position. The financial disclosures in prior audited financial statements and all public disclosure have always properly noted the existence of the swap liability and the impact that liability may have on the Authority's ability to refinance the bonds.

The December 31, 2015 fair value of the Authority's interest rate swap was (\$23,087,097), when compared to the December 31, 2014 fair value of (\$22,237,290) for a negative change in valuation of \$849,807. All change (including this \$849,807) in the fair value of the Authority's interest rate swap is a reflection of market conditions.



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES

### YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Expenses:		
Departmental expenses:		
Conference service	\$ 496,771	\$ 462,766
Concession	122,904	146,614
Event management	77,681	64,342
Public space	83,558	81,993
Total departmental expenses	780,914	755,715
Undistributed operating expenses:		
Administrative and general	348,657	333,893
Sales and marketing	301,471	325,652
Repairs and maintenance	470,546	457,741
Energy	490,384	470,787
Information technology	86,699	
Miscellaneous	46,249	41,962
Total undistributed operating expenses	1,744,006	1,630,035
Management fees	182,510	181,238
Collaboration Agreement - Marketing Consortium	156,186	3,004
Fixed charges:		
Insurance	73,314	73,759
Operating supplies and equipment	13,987	10,816
Total fixed charges	<u>87,301</u>	84,575
Administrative expenses:		
Solicitor fees and expense	14,862	8,308
Repairs/historic properties	94,074	32,755
Employee compensation	218,827	198,106
Executive director expenses, employee mileage,		
and travel	4,376	2,581
Payroll taxes	15,040	14,233
Employee benefits	34,101	33,547
Office supplies and expense	2,332	2,849
Internet and computer service	7,177	9,469
Accounting fees	29,801	28,413
Business advisory fees	7,219	19,900
Insurance	22,685	22,694
Telephone expense	1,870	2,040
Advertising notices	905	665 4.732
Miscellaneous expense	9,971	4,723
Total administrative expenses	463,240	380,283
		(Continued)

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014 (Continued)

	2015	2014
Depreciation	2,400,437	2,404,745
Capital/development costs:	<del></del>	
Accounting	797	17,120
Trustee fees	6,000	11,900
Total capital/development costs	6,797	29,020
Total operating expenses	\$ 5,821,391	\$ 5,468,615
		(Concluded)